



# **Driving Forces of Change in Regional Carbon Stocks: *Comparison of the Western Oregon, USA and St. Petersburg Region, Russia***

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<http://www.cof.orst.edu/cof/fs/faculty/krankina.htm>

# Study Areas



Timber harvest  
million m<sup>3</sup>  
1988.....23.4  
1993.....13.6

Timber harvest  
million m<sup>3</sup>  
1988.....6.1  
1993.....3.8

7.6 million ha



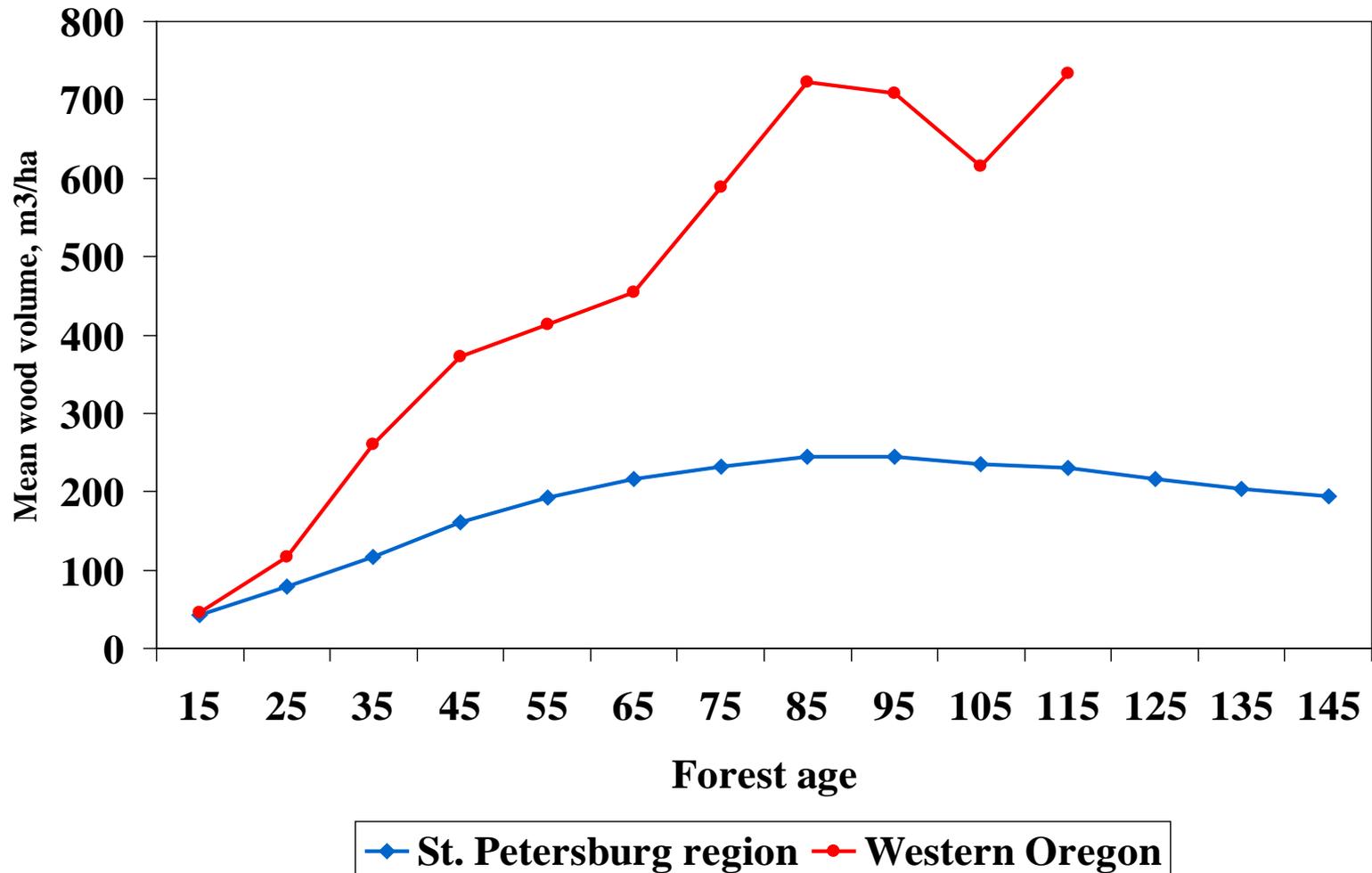
Western  
Oregon,  
U.S.A.



St. Petersburg  
Region, Russia

8.5 million ha

# Wood volume in forest of different ages



# Old Douglas fir in the PNW



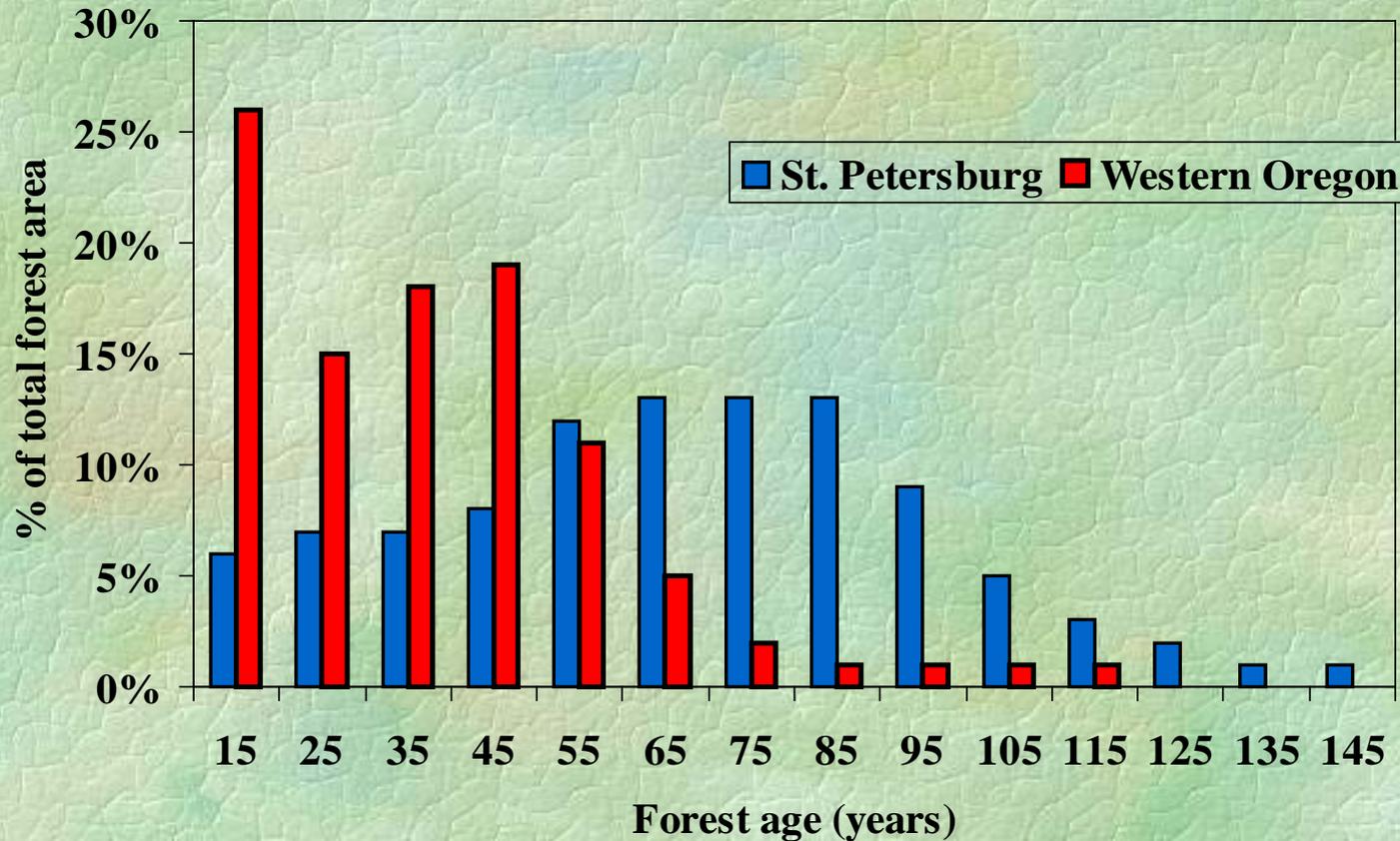
July 7, 2010

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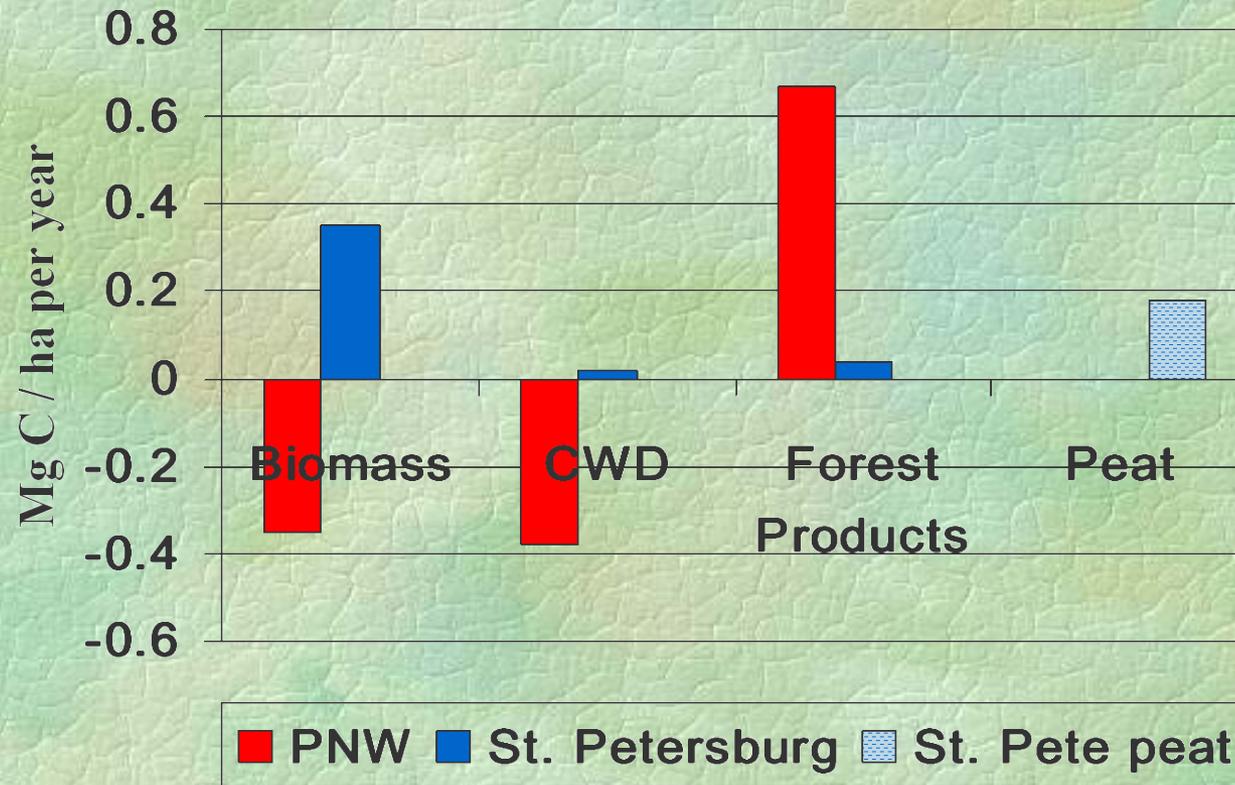
# Scots Pine in NW Russia



# Distribution of forest lands by age classes in early 1990's



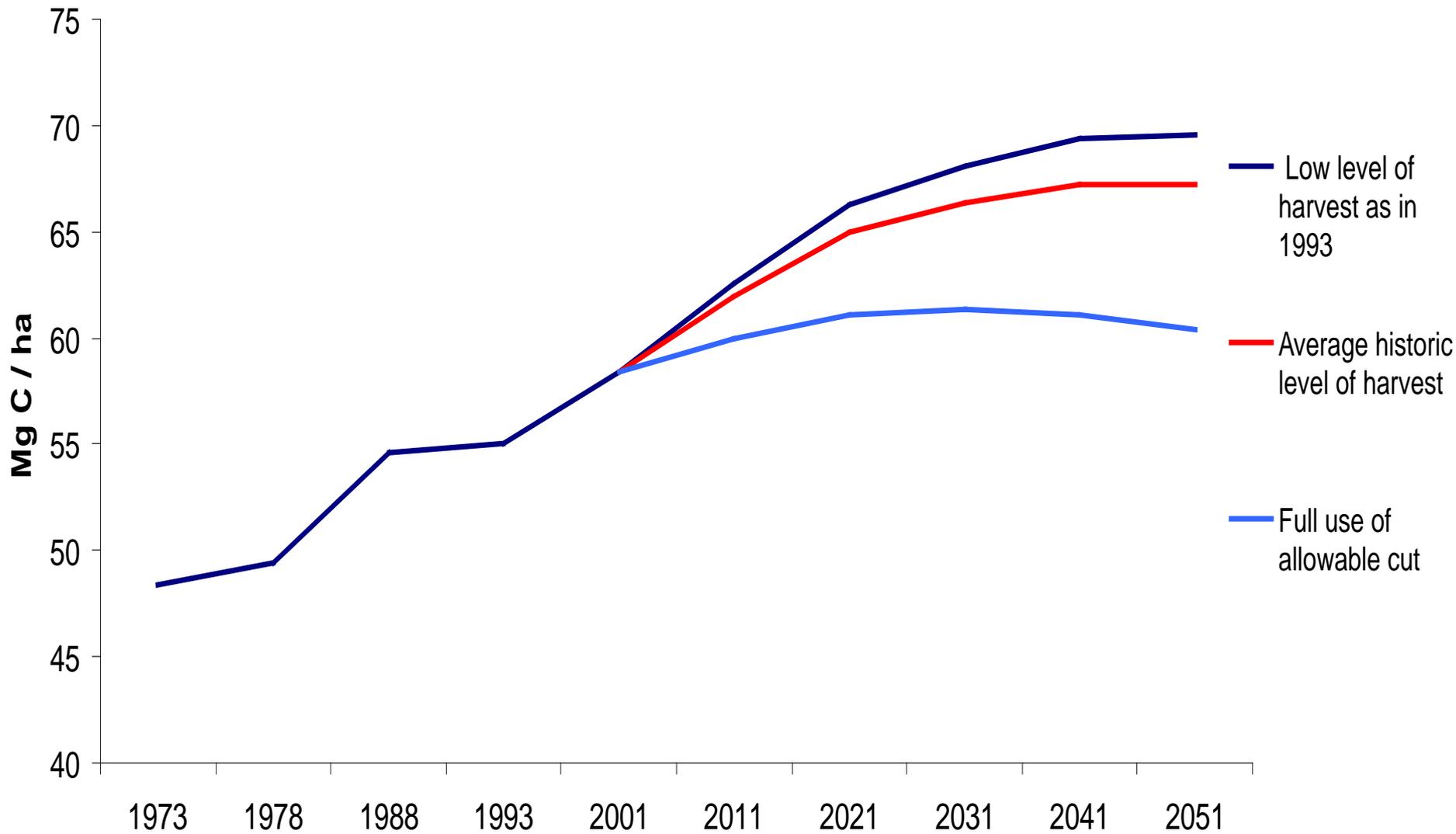
# Net change in C stores between 1970's and 1990's



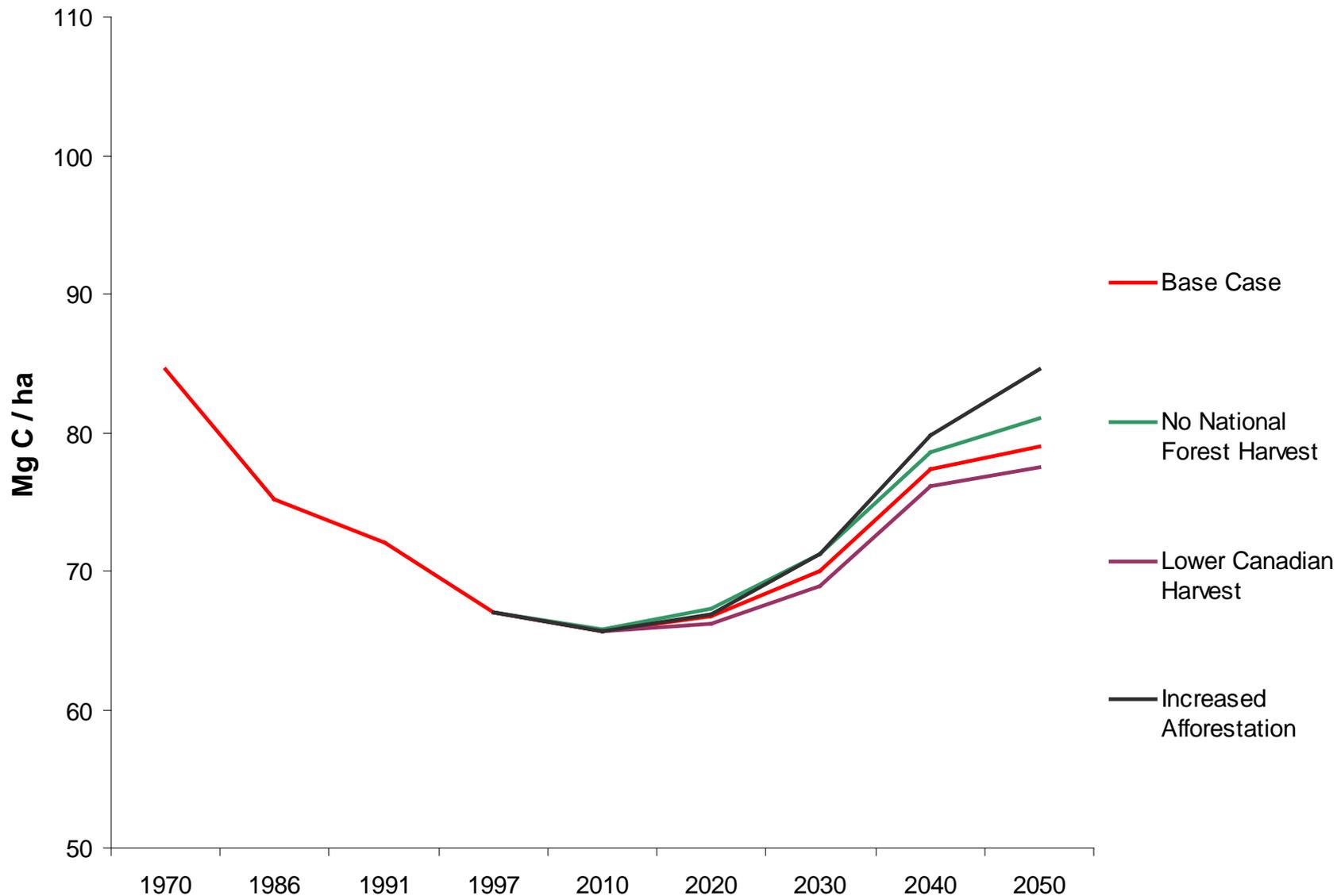
PNW –  
small source of C:  
0.58 Tg C per year

NW Russia –  
active sink:  
2.05 Tg C per year

# Historic Change and Future Projections of Carbon Stores in Live Forest Biomass: *St. Petersburg Region*



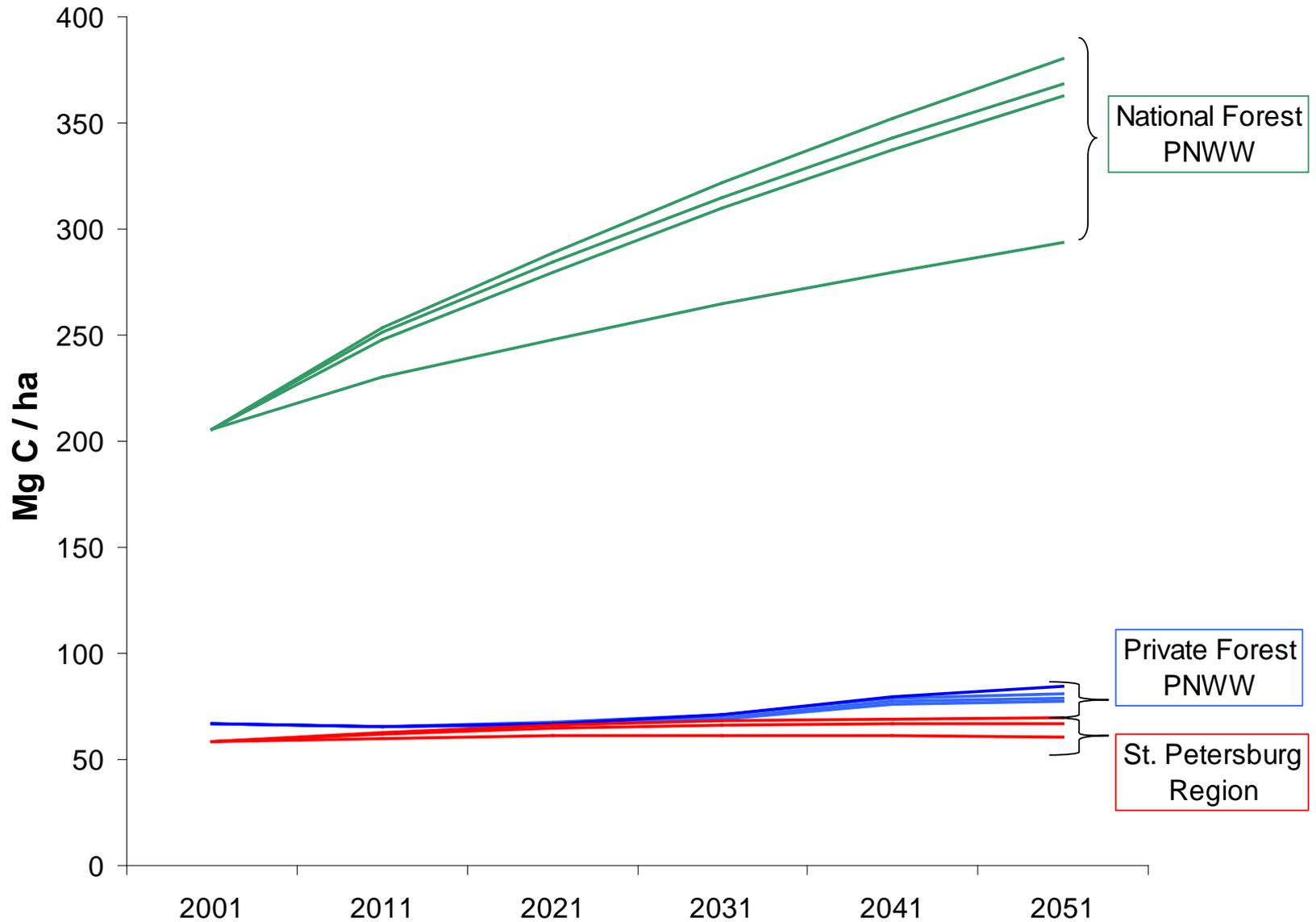
# Historic Change and Future Projections of Carbon Stores in Live Forest Biomass: Pacific Northwest, Private Forests



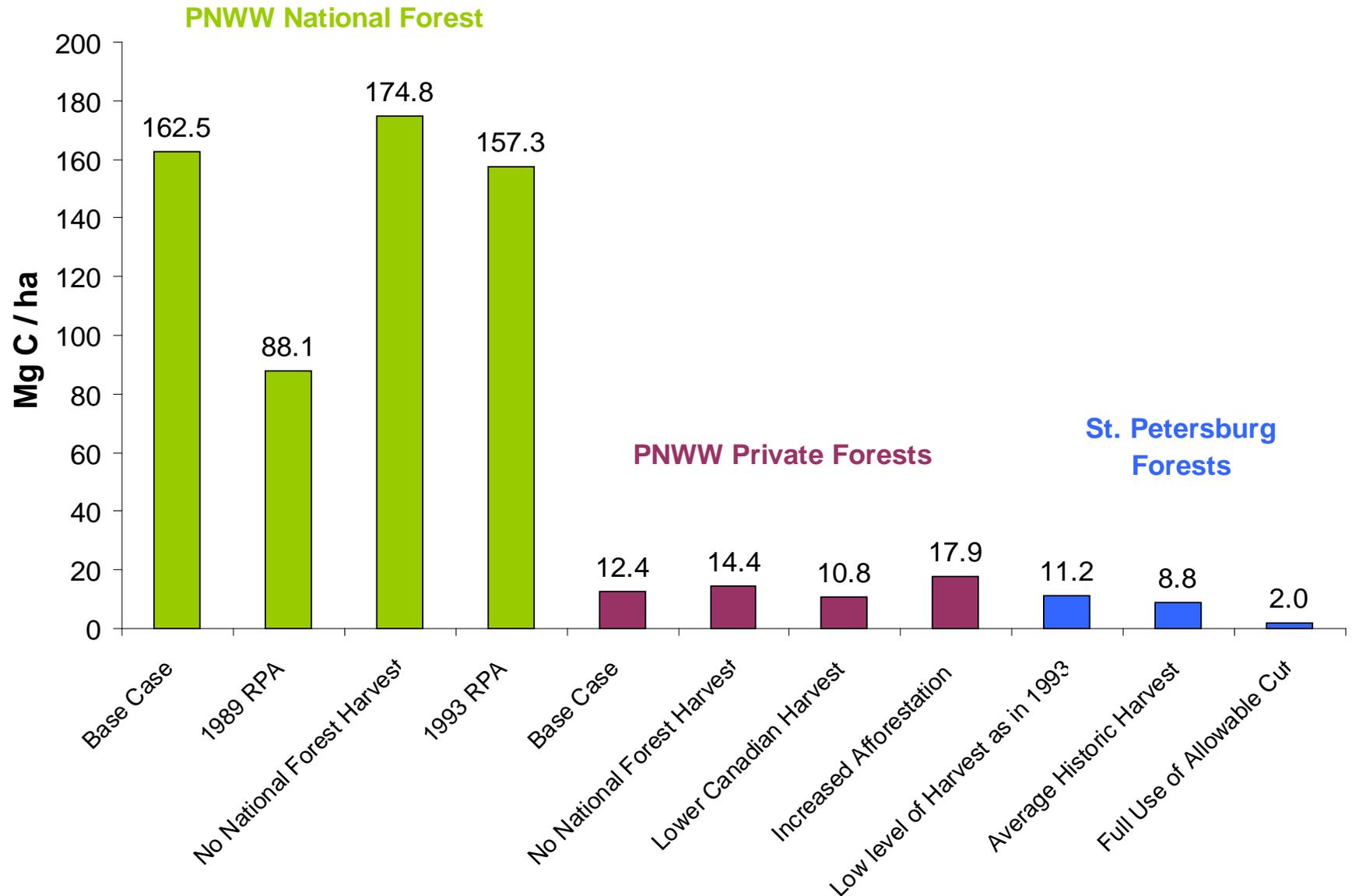
# Historic Change and Future Projections of Carbon Stores in Live Forest Biomass: Pacific Northwest, National Forests



# Projected Future Change in Carbon Stores

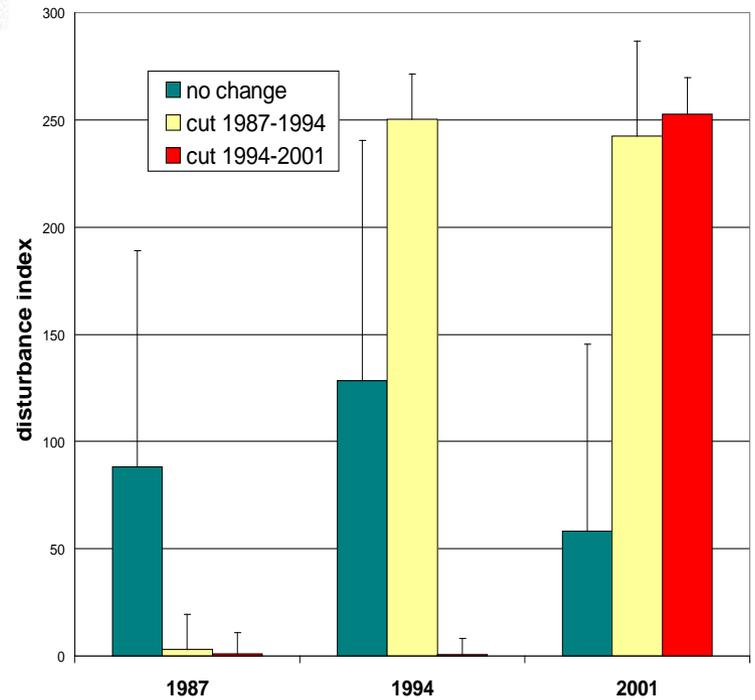
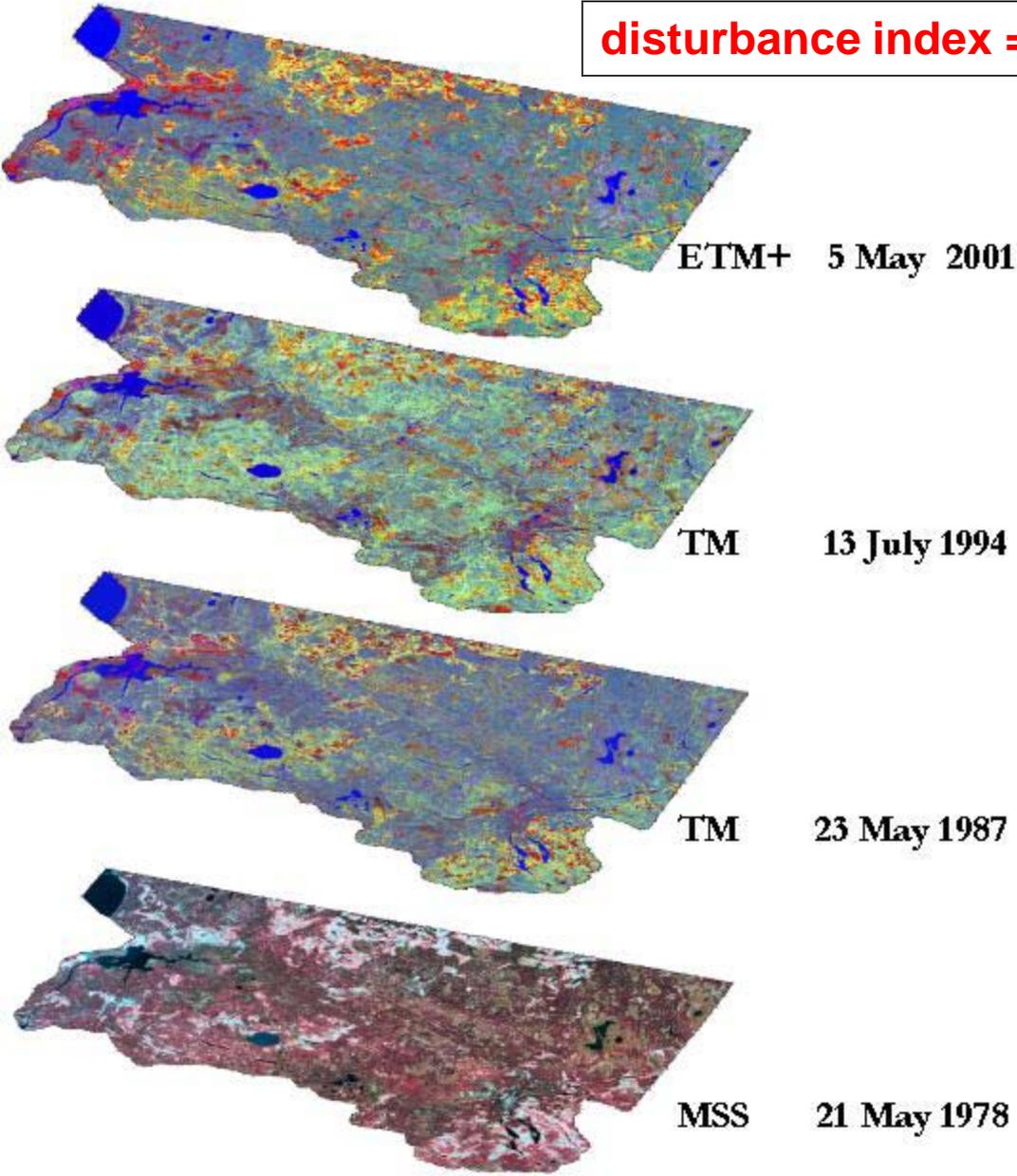


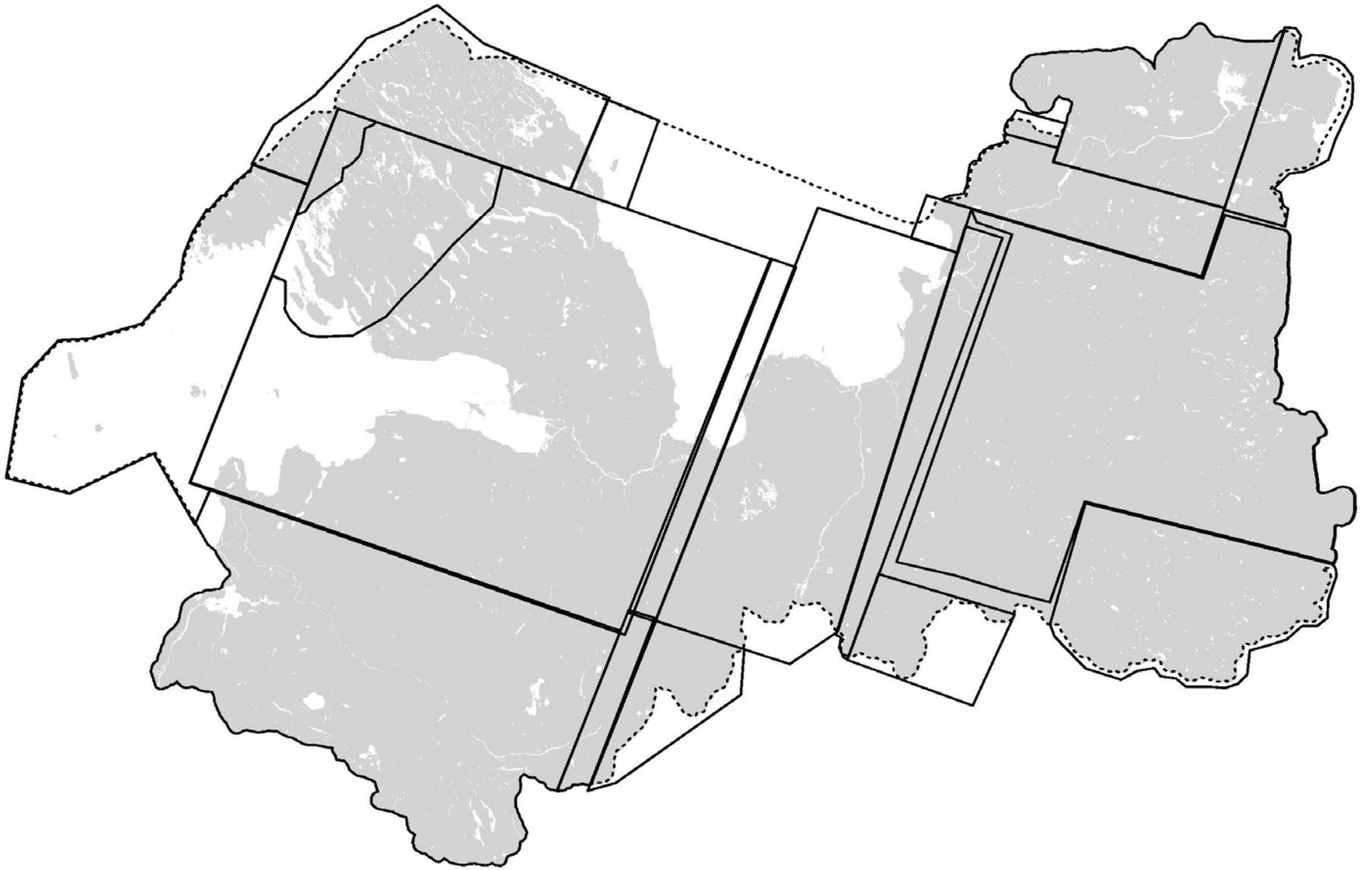
# Net Change in Forest Biomass Carbon from 2001 to 2051

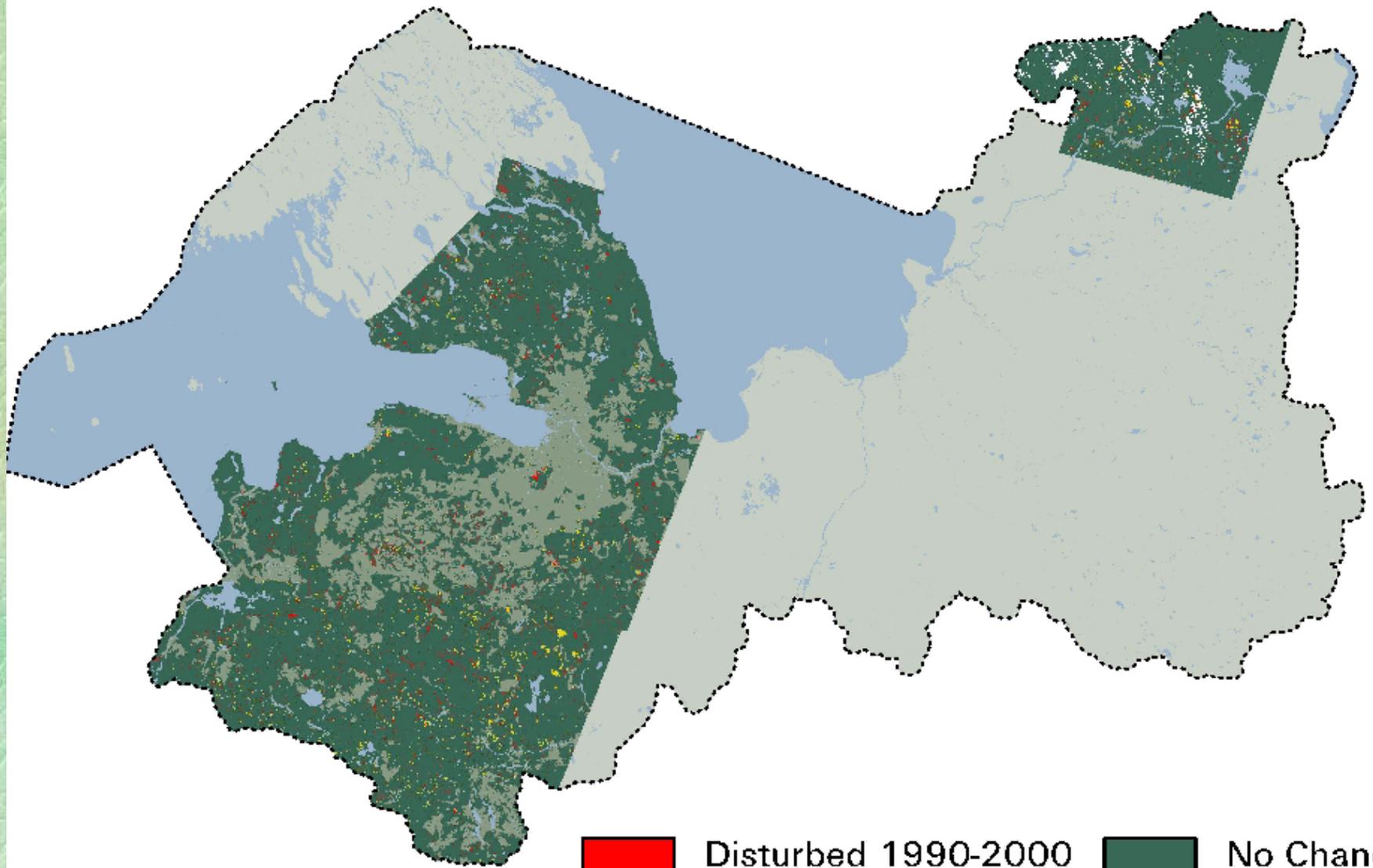


Landsat imagery (path 185 row 19)  
used in change detection

$$\text{disturbance index} = \text{brightness} - (\text{greenness} + \text{wetness})$$







Disturbed 1990-2000



No Change



Disturbed 1980-1990



Other Land

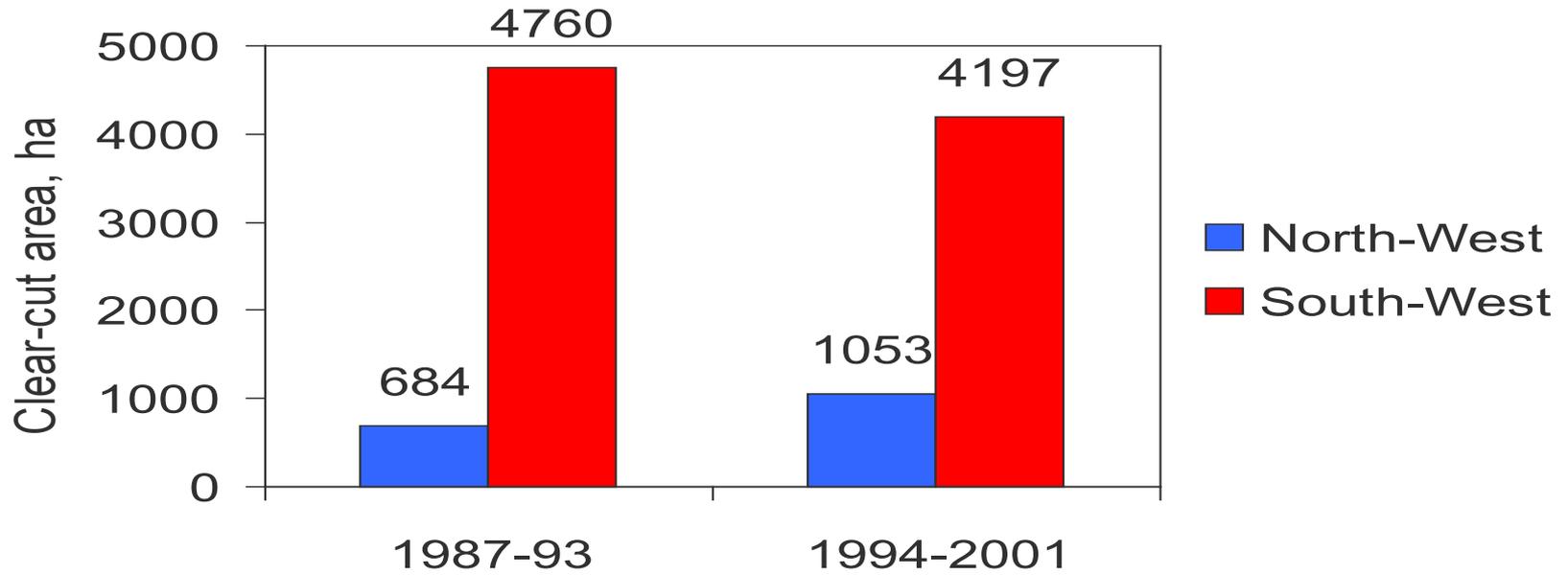


Disturbed 1980-2000

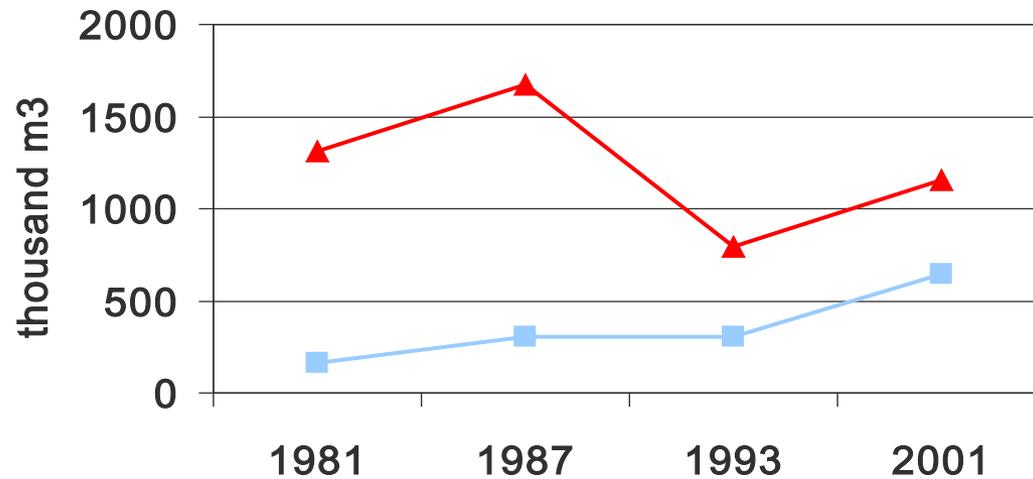


Water

# Change detection



# Timber harvest statistics

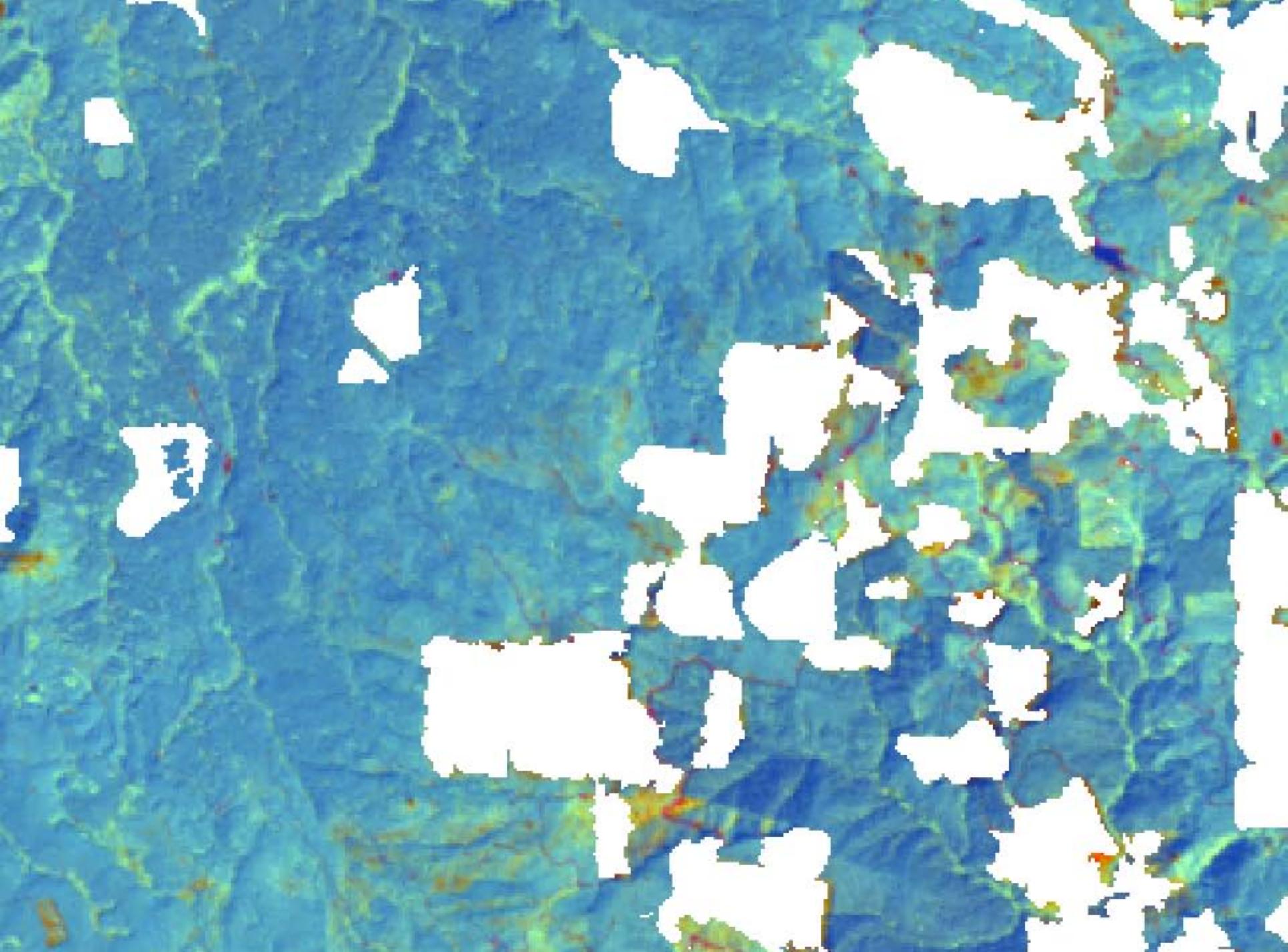


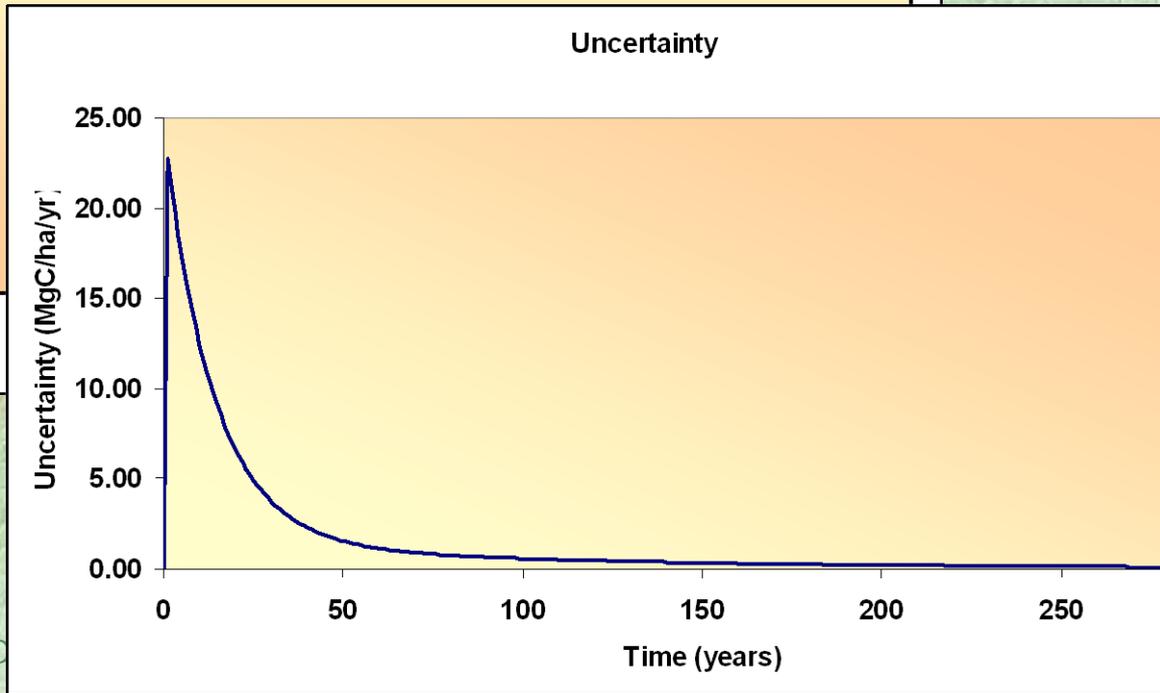
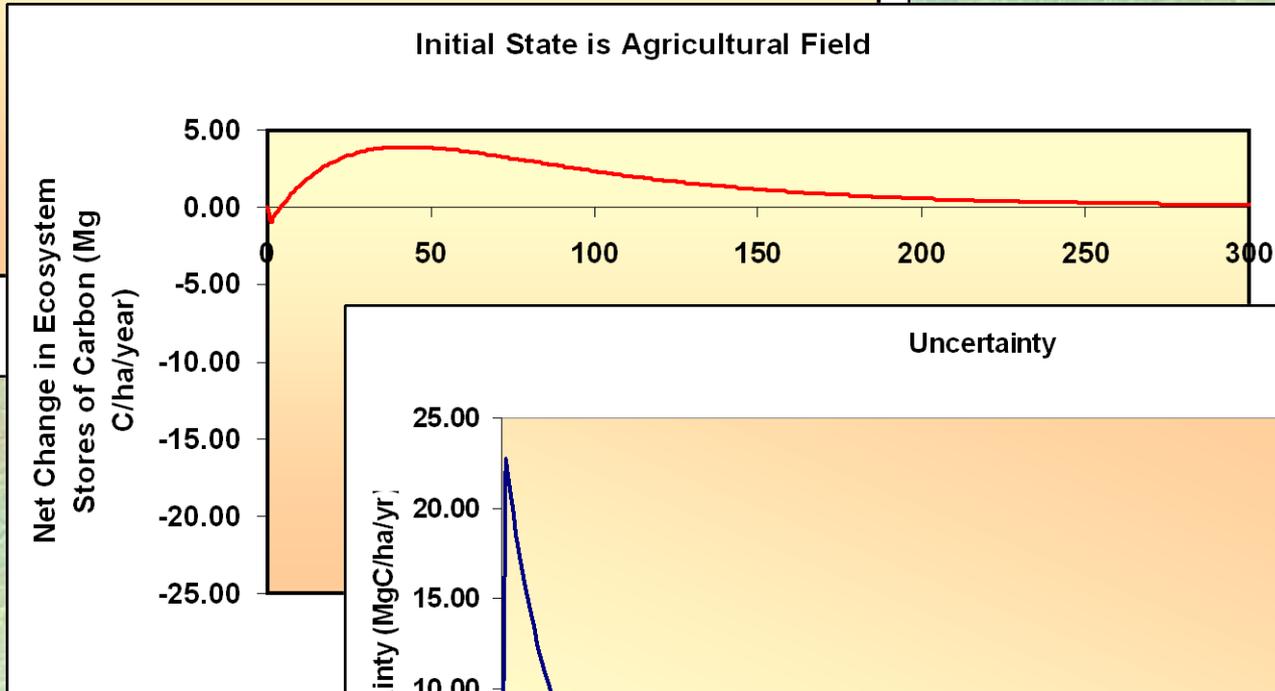
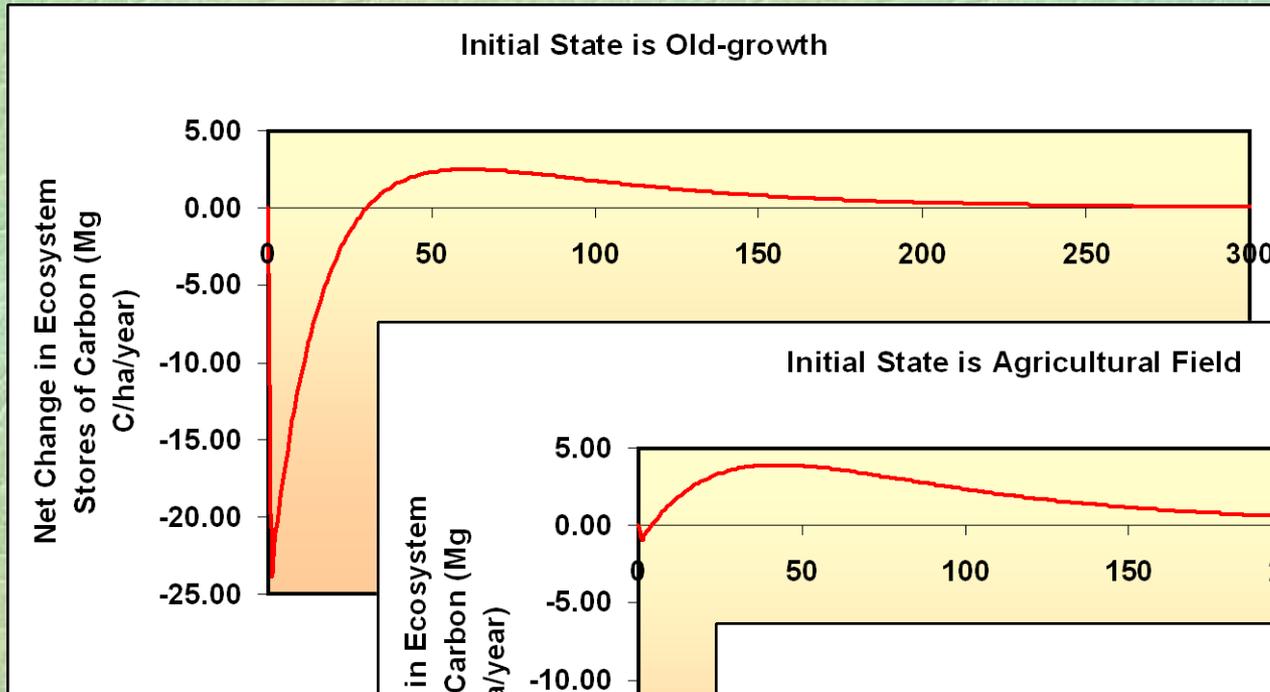


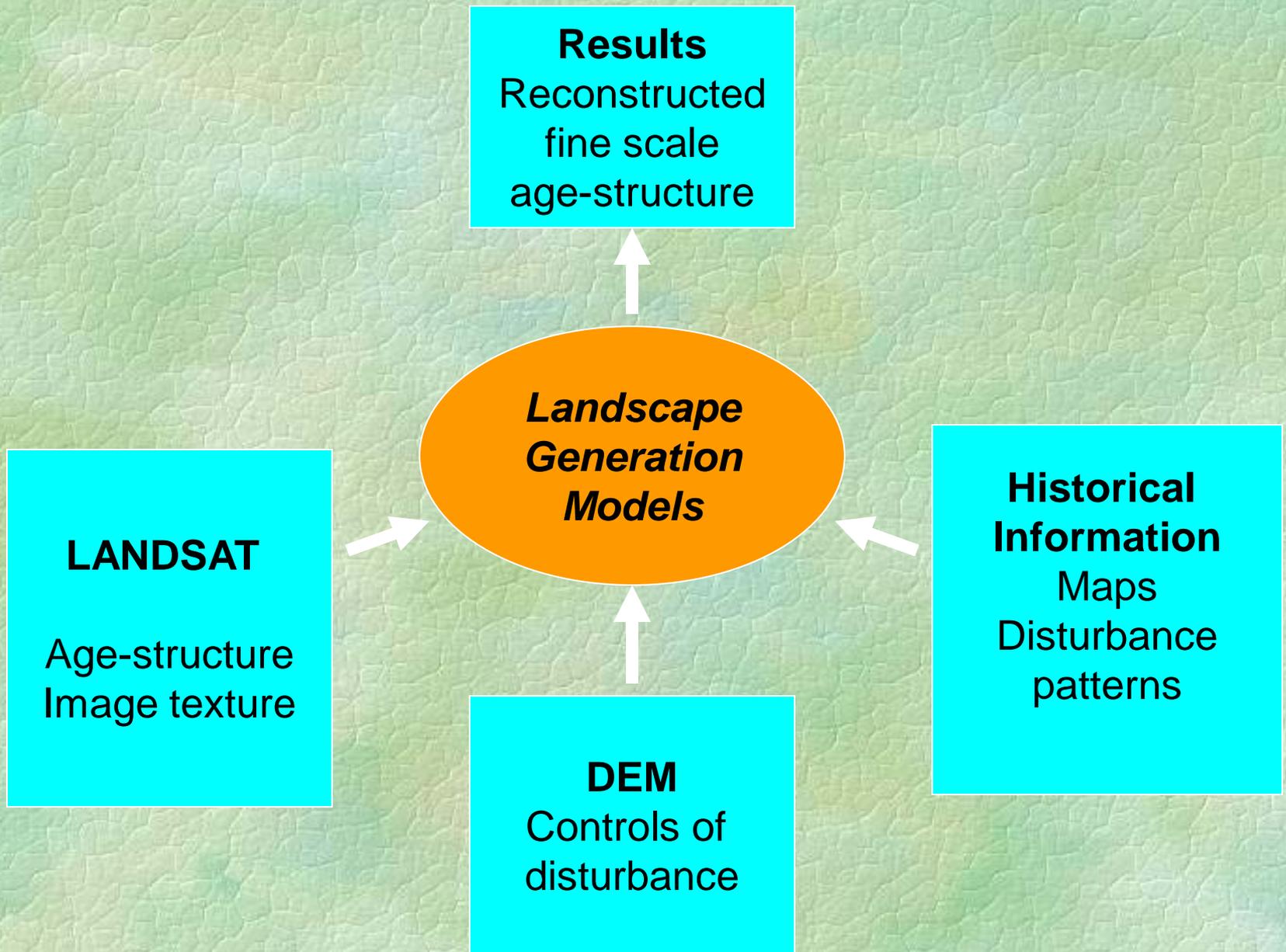
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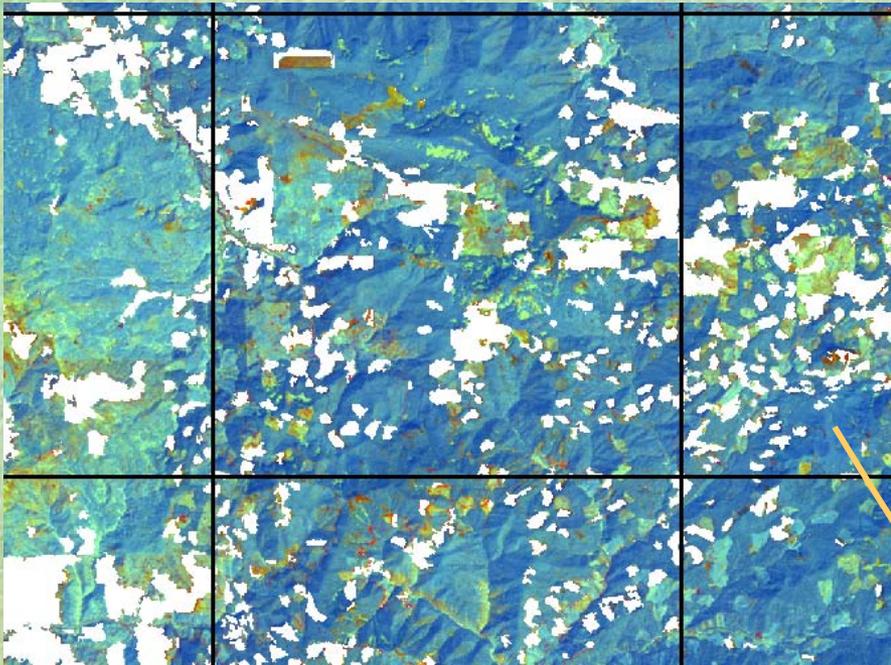
17







# Simplified Markov Random Field Landscape Synthesis



12.8 x 12.8 km blocks in Tasseled Cap source image

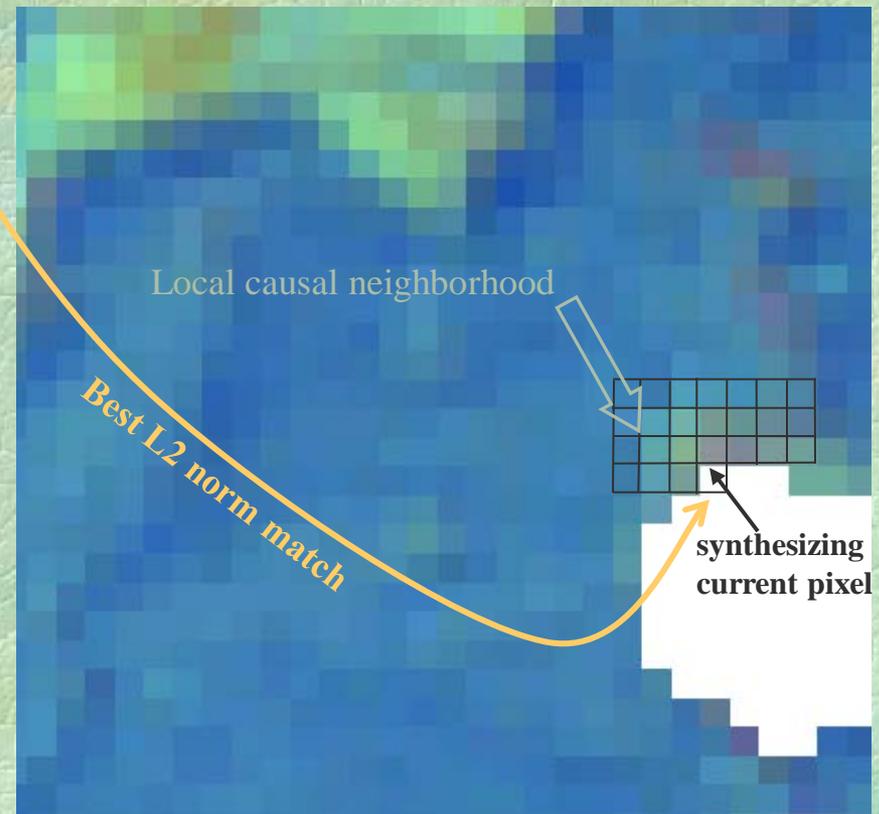
Search source image for pixel satisfying :

$$\text{MIN}_B \left( \sum_N \sum_l (src - dst)^2 \right)$$

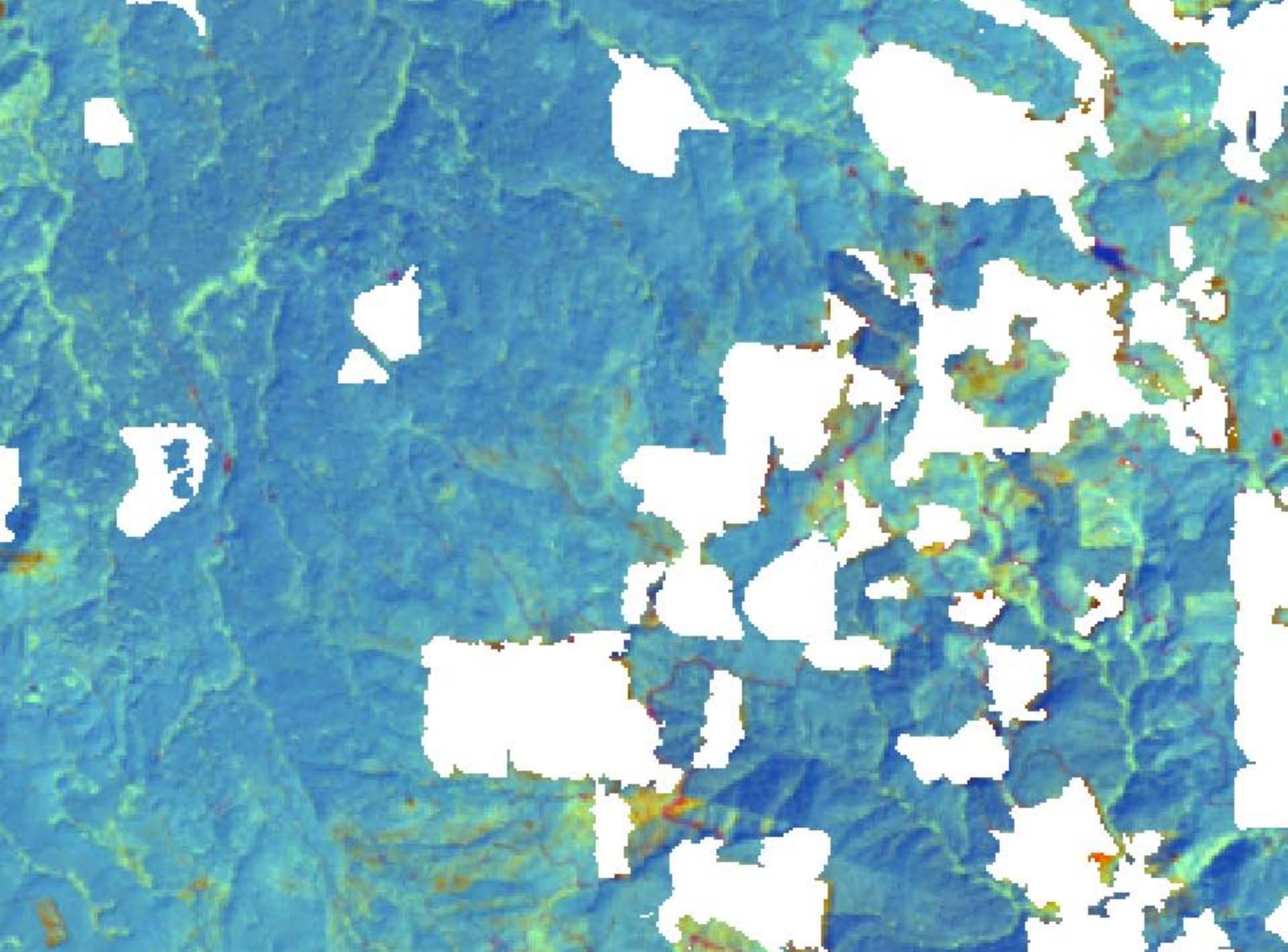
$B$  is the current block

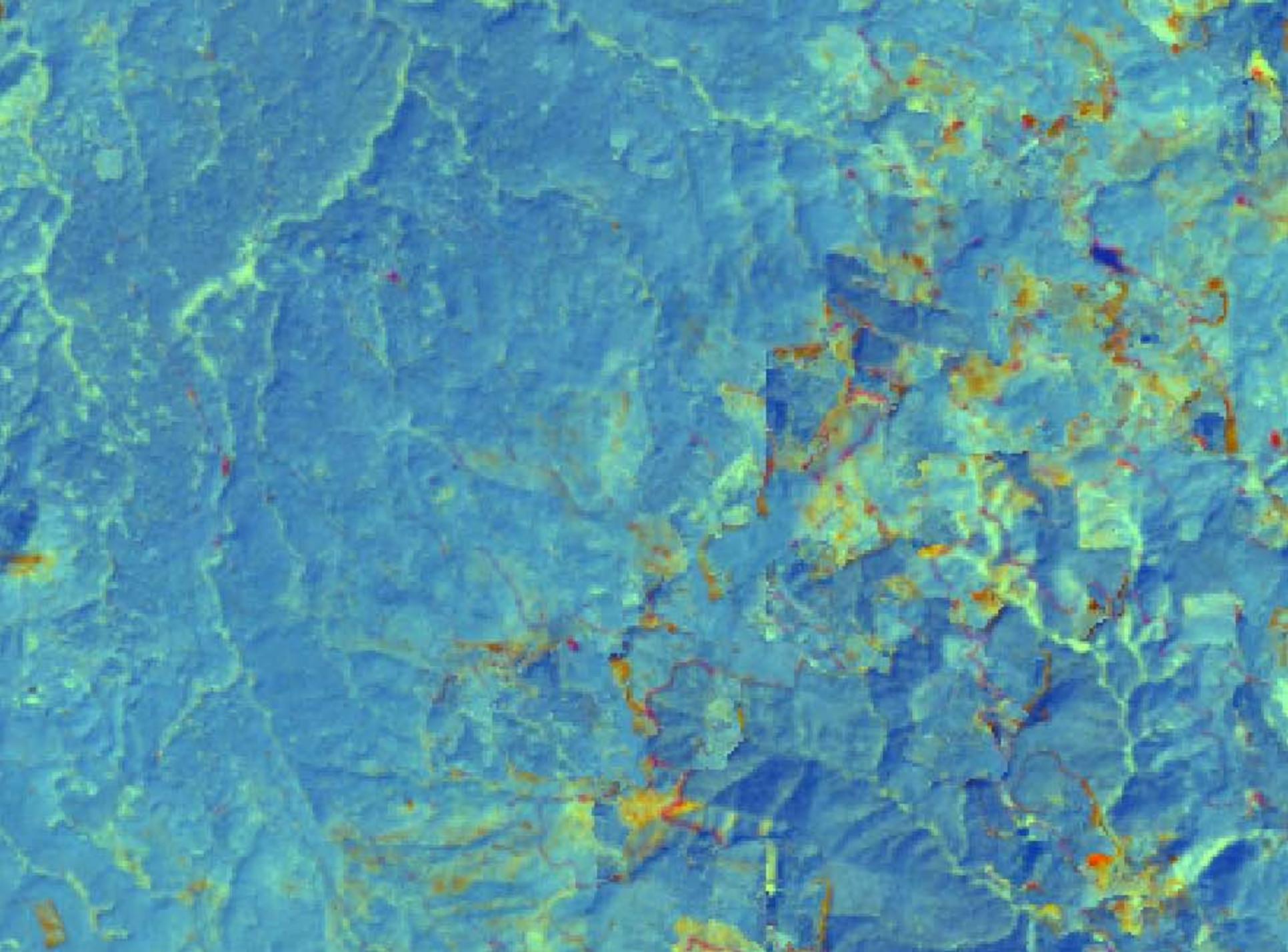
$N$  is the local causal neighborhood

and  $l$  is the layer depth

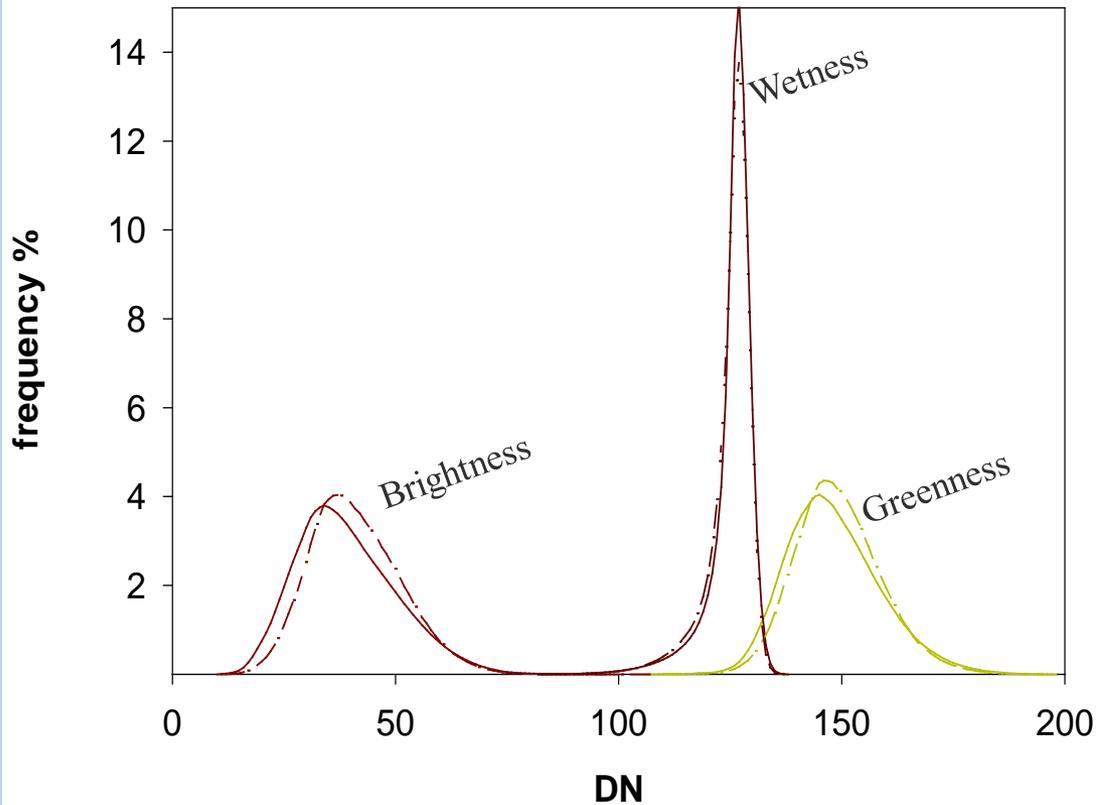


Close-up of current block in resultant image





## Source and Synthesized TC Histograms

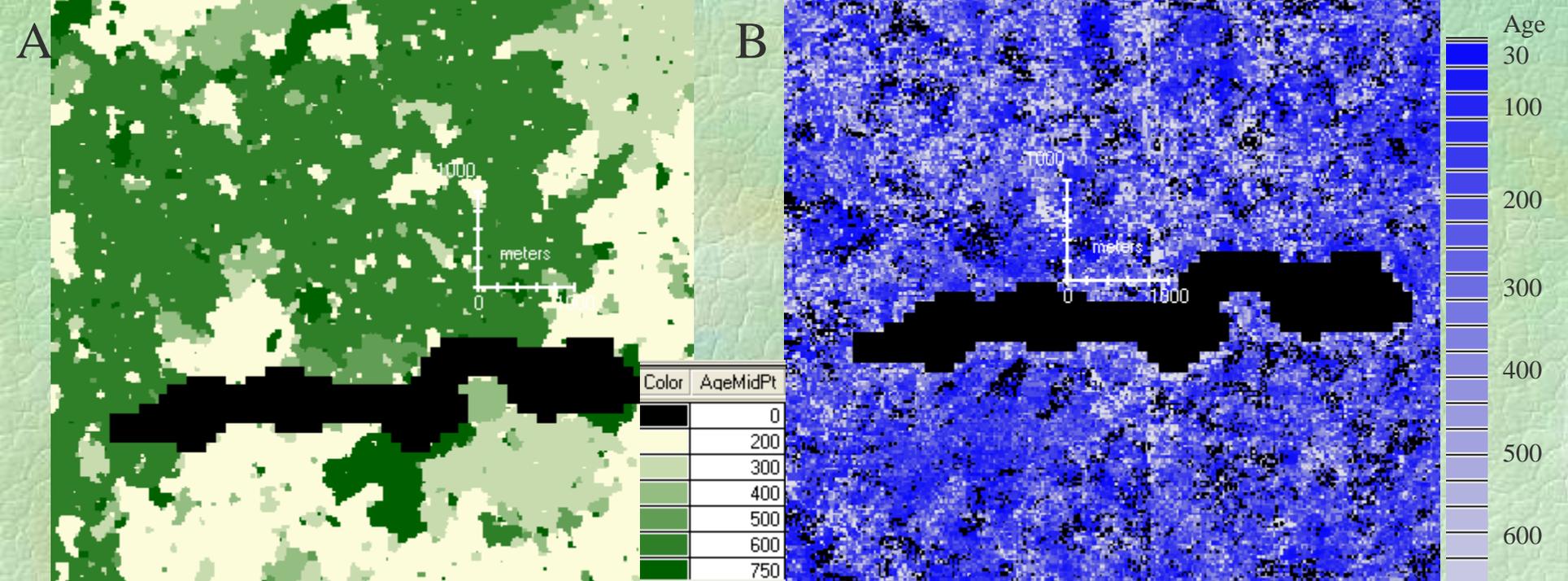


**Holes: solid line**

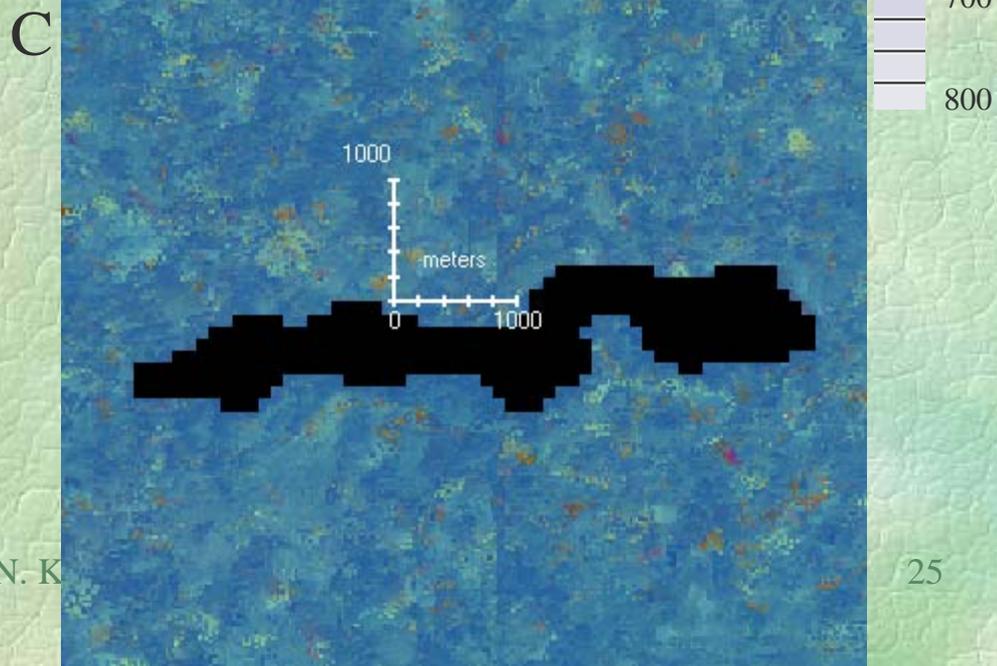
**Surroundings: dashed line**

### Correlations between bands

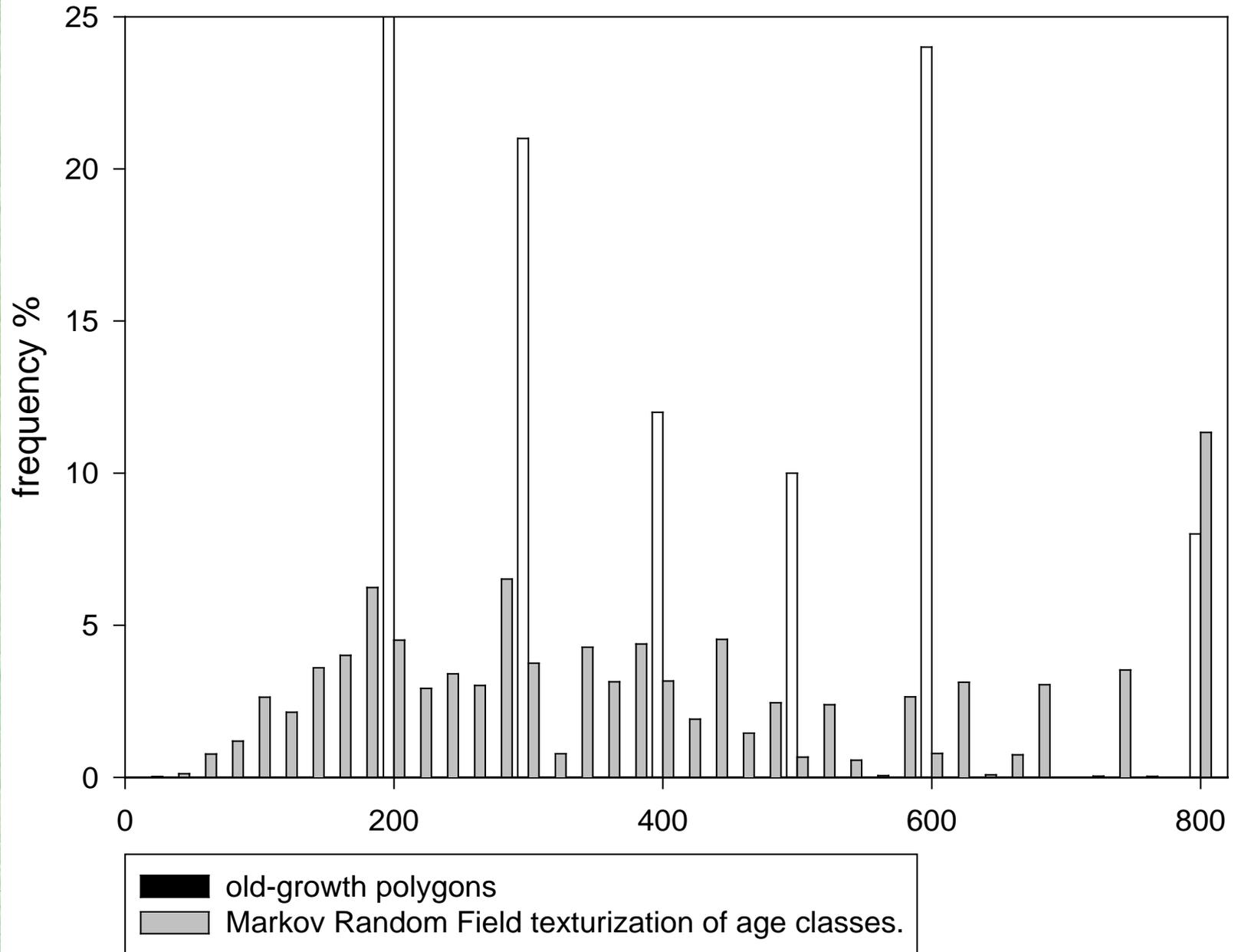
	Greenness	Wetness
<b><u>Holes</u></b>		
Brightness	0.72	-0.42
Greenness		0.22
<b><u>Surroundings</u></b>		
Brightness	0.66	-0.47
Greenness		0.24



- A. Discrete age class map generated using fire history
- B. Continuous age structure **RESULT** map.
- C. Virtual Tasseled Cap **RESULT** co-generated with B.



# Frequency Distributions of Age



# Credits

- **Reconstruction of past age structure (PNW)**
  - Mark Harmon, Michael Guzy, Tom Maiersperger
- **Change detection (St. Petersburg region)**
  - Warren Cohen and Maureen Duane
- **Projected change in regional carbon stores**
  - Ralph Alig, Andrew Yost (PNW)
  - Yulia Kuzminykh, Sergey Griaznov (NW Russia)

# NERIN

## North-European Regional Information Network

*Who...?*

*Why...?*

*Where...?*

*What...?*